

## Basic Examination Sample Measure and Integration

Solve three of the following problems.

1. State and prove Egorov's theorem.
2. Let  $E \subset \mathbb{R}$  be a Lebesgue measurable set with  $\mathcal{L}^1(E) > 0$ . Prove that for every  $0 < t < \mathcal{L}^1(E)$  there exists a Lebesgue measurable subset  $F \subset E$  such that  $\mathcal{L}^1(F) = t$ .
3. Consider the function

$$F(y) = \int_0^1 \frac{e^{-yx}}{1+x^2} dx; \quad y \geq 0:$$

- (a) Prove that  $F$  is continuous.
  - (b) Prove that  $F$  is differentiable for  $y > 0$ .
  - (c) Prove that  $F'$  is differentiable for  $y > 0$ .
  - (d) Prove that  $F''(y) + F(y) = \frac{1}{y}$  for all  $y > 0$ .
4. Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a differentiable function. Assume that there exists  $M \geq 0$  such that

$$|f'(x)| \leq M$$

for all  $x \in [a; b]$  for some  $a < b$ .

- (a) Prove that  $f''$  is Borel measurable.
- (b) Prove that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f^{(n)}(x)}{n!} = f(x)$$