## Sample Basic Qualifying Exam - Section Probability

## Time: 2 hrs

- 1. Recite precisely the following de nitions/facts/theorems/lemmas:
  - (a) If  $A_k$  is a sequence of elds then the asymptotic eld is de ned as ...
  - (b) Etemadi's strong law of large numbers
  - (c) Lindebergh's CLT
  - (d) Upcrossing inequality
  - (e) Give three equivalent characterizations of uniform integrabilty
  - (f) Cramer's Theorem (large deviations)
- 2. Give the statement and proof of **ONE** of the following theorems:
  - (a) optional stopping thm for martingales with a.s. nite stopping times
  - (b) classical CLT

Solve **TWO** out of the three following problems:

- 3. The distribution with distribution function  $F(x) = e^{-e^{-x}}$  is one example of the so-called extremal distributions.
  - (a) Verify that F is indeed a distribution function.
  - (b) Let  $M_n$  be the running maximum of i.i.d. exponential variables with parameter = 1 i.e.,  $M_n := \max(X_1; X_2; ...; X_n)$  and 8x = 0;  $P = X_k > x = e^{-x}$ . Show rst  $\overline{\lim}_{n!=1} (X_n = \log(n)) = 1$  a.s. and then  $\lim_{n!=1} M_n = \log(n) = 1$  a.s.
  - (c) In fact it can be seen that  $M_n$  is concentrated around  $\log(n)$ . Prove that in particular  $M_n = \log(n)$  converges weakly to as n! = 1. Hint: Don't use Fourier transforms.
- 4. Let T:S be stoppintg times w.r.t. a Itration  $(F_k)_{k=0}$ .
  - (a) What is the relation between (T) and  $F_T$ ? Explain.
  - (b) Consider a random walk on the integers starting at 0. Let T be the hitting time of [10; 1) and S be the hitting time of [5; 1). Is the event  $fS = 15g F_T$ -measurable? (prove or disprove)
  - (c) Show that  $T \subseteq S$ , the maximum of T and S, is a stopping time. Identify  $F_{T \subseteq S}$  in terms of  $F_S$  and  $F_T$ . (After guessing, prove that your guess is correct.)
- 5. Let  $X_1; X_2; ...$  be independent RVs and  $S_n = X_1 + ... + X_n$ . Suppose  $P[X_k = 1] = P[X_k = 1] = (1 1 + k^2) = 2$  and  $P[X_k = k] = P[X_k = k] = (1 + k^2) = 2$ .
  - (a) Determine the asymptotics of the variance of  $S_n$ .
  - (b) Based on this asymptotics conjecture (state but don't prove) a CLT for  $S_n$ .
  - (c) Check whether the Lindeberg-Feller condition is satis ed.
  - (d) Prove nally an appropriate CLT. Hint: Set  $Y_k = \text{sign}(X_k)$  and note that  $\bigcap_k P[X_k \in Y_k] < 1$ . Then use Borel Cantelli. Recall that if  $Z_n$  Y Z and  $C_n$  Y 0 a.s., then  $(Z_n + C_n)$  Y Z.